Statement II

List of Judges of the Supreme Court Appointed During 1991-92 and in 1993

Sr. No.	Name of Judge
1.	Shri Justice Yogeshwar Dayal
2.	Shri Justice S. Mohan
3.	Shri Justice B.P. Jeevan Reddy
4.	Shri Justice G N. Ray
5.	Shri Justice A.S. Anand
6.	Shri Justice R.C. Patnaik
7.	Shri Justice N.P. Singh
8.	Shri Justice S.P. Bharucha
9.	Shri Justice N. Venkatachala

Statement III

Pursuant to persistent demand from responsible bodies, the Government have, after considering various aspects of the matter and after consulting the Chief Justice of India, decided to adopt a policy of having Chief Justices of all High Courts from outside and to keep in view certain broad guidelines when implementing this policy. These guidelines are as follows :—

(i) For purposes of elevations as Chief Justices the inter se seniority of puisne Judges will be reckoned on the basis of their seniority in their own High Courts and, subject to suitability, they will be considered for appointment as Chief Justices in other High Courts when their turn would normally have come for being considered for such appointment in their own High Courts.

(ii) A Chief Justice who has only one year cr less to retire may * not be transferred to another High Court.

(iii) A puisne Judge in a High Court who has one year or less to retire when his turn for being considered for elevation as Chief Justice arrives may, subject to suitability, be considered tor appointment as Chief Justice in his own High Court if a vacarcy is to occur in the office of the Chief Justice in that High Court during that period.

While implementing the aforesaid polcy the appoimmentsltransfers shall be made in accordance with the provisions of Article 217 or Article 222 of the Constitution, as the case may be.

Cost of Litigation

481. SHRI MISA R. GANESAN : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

fa) what steps have been taken to implement the recommendations of the 128tfa Report of The Law Commission of India on Cost of Litigation submitted to Govt, on July 1, 2988; and

(b) if the answer to part (a) above is in negative, the reasons therefor ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF LAW JUSTICE AND COMPANY AFFAIRS (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ) (a) and (b) As the re-commendations cor.; aired in 128th Report of the law Commission of India were

to be implemented by the State Governrnent High Courts, copies of the Reports were forwarded to State Governments! High Courts on '12-1 1989 for necessary action.

Wind Energy Programmes during Eighth Five Year Hain

482. SHRI AJIT P. K. JOGI : Will the PRIME MINIS! ER be pleased *to* state :

(a) whether Government proposeto give further thrust to indigenisation of Wind Energy Programme during the Eighth

(b) if so, the measures proposed to be adopted to achieve the above objectives;

(c) the amount earmarked for its implementation; and

(d) the States/Union Territories where the programme is likely to be implemented ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. Emphasis is being laid on quick introduction of indigenously developed wind electric generators. At present, two private companies have set up joint ventures for the manufacture of wind electric generators in India in collaboration with Danish Companies. The public sector enterprise Bharat Heavy Electricals Ltd. has indigenously developed 55 KW and 200 KW wind electric generators with financial support from Ministry of Non-conventional Energy Sources. The Ministry has also sponsored projects for the indigenous development of rotor blades for 200—250 KW class wind electric gene-tators through Hindustan Aeronautics Ltd., Bangalore and Defence Retearcb. Development Organisation, Hyderabad. Efforts are underway to set up a Wind Energy Centre and field test stations for providing technological support to the Wind Power Generation Programme and for testing and certification of indigenously developed wind electric generators.

(c) A budget outlay of Rs. 90 crores has been provided for Wind Energy Programme including indigenisation efforts in the Central Sector during the Eighth Five Year Plan period.

(d) The wind energy programme will continue to be implemented in all States and Union Territories, wherever adequate wind resources are established through the on-going Wind Survey Programme.

Project for tapping Solar Energy at Kanakpura

483. DR. SANJAYA SINH : Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state :

(a) whether it is a fact that a new Project is being set up at Kanakpura near Jaipur to manufacture equipment for tapping Solar energy; and

(b) if so, the details thereof ?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY RESOURCES WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI S. KRISHNA KUMAR) : (a) and (b) Four Central and State Government Undertakings namely, Rajasthan Electronics and Instruments Ltd., Jaipur; Rajasthan State Industrial Development and Investment Corporation Ltd., Jaipur; Instrumentation Ltd., Kota; and Central Electronics Ltd., Sahibabad have signed a Memorandum of Understanding on 23id March, 1993 to promote a project for the manufacture